# CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2022



## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY TABLE OF CONTENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<u>Page</u>
List of Principal Officials	01
Independent Auditor's Report	02
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	05
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	12
Statement of Cash Flows	13
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	15
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	43
Schedule of Pension Plan's Contributions	44
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	45
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	46
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	47
Statement and Certification of Actual Costs	48
Compliance Section	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting ar Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Perform Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	ned in
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	54
Status of Drior Vear Audit Findings and Decommendations	56

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2022

The following table lists the Board Members as of December 31, 2022:

**Position** 

Kali Serotta Chairperson

Kay Escarda Vice-Chairperson
Renee Byers Commissioner
Mark Konkler Commissioner
Kristen Raymond Commissioner
Tabatha Pittman Commissioner

In addition to the above Commissioners, the Administrator of the Authority is Cheryl Churchill, who serves as the Executive Director.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners City of Eureka Housing Authority Eureka, California

#### Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, and the aggregate discretely presented component units of City of Eureka Housing Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Authority as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the following discretely presented component units:

#### Eureka Family Housing LP

This entity collectively represents 85%, 13%, and 79%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification as issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for discretely presented component units, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. The financial statements of the discretely presented component units were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 - 9, and required supplementary schedules on pages 43 - 45, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. In addition, the accompanying statement and certification of actual costs, required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, that information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 01, 2023, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

## Harshwal & Company llP

Oakland, California September 01, 2023

City of Eureka Housing Authority (the "Authority") primarily provides housing assistance to low income individuals and families. Its primary sources of funding are through grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The Authority's Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to:

- Assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues,
- Provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity,
- Identify changes in the Authority's financial position and its resulting ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges, and
- Identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Authority's net position increased by \$535,110 (9%) during the year 2022. Since the Authority engages only in business-type activities, the increase is all in the category of business-type net position. The net position was \$6,686,080 and \$6,150,970 for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Total revenues increased by \$271,690 (11%) during 2022 and were \$2,676,516 and \$2,404,826 for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Total expenses decreased by \$153,386 (7%) during 2022 and were \$2,141,406 and \$2,294,792 for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of two parts: management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The Authority follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Authority. While detailed sub-fund information is not presented, separate accounts are maintained for each program of the Authority.

The financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, a statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements. The statement of net position provides a record or snapshot of the assets and liabilities at the close of the fiscal year. It presents the financial position of the Authority on a full accrual historical cost basis. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the results of the business activities over the course of the fiscal year. The statement of cash flows is related to the other financial statements by the way it links changes in assets and liabilities to the effects on cash and cash equivalents over the course of the fiscal year. The notes to the financial statements provide useful information regarding the Authority's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior year.

#### Table 1 - Statement of Net Position

	De	ecember 31, 2022	De	cember 31, 2021	_	Change
Cash and equivalents Other current assets Net capital assets Other assets	\$	885,223 143,033 2,454,105 5,966,169	\$	916,384 125,832 1,917,775 5,487,084	\$	(31,161) 17,201 536,330 479,085
Total assets		9,448,530		8,447,075		1,001,455
Deferred outflows of resources		974,798		417,939	_	556,859
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		10,423,328		8,865,014	_	1,558,314
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		343,548 2,846,567		247,260 1,538,832		96,288 1,307,735
Total liabilities		3,190,115		1,786,092		1,404,023
Deferred inflows of resources		547,133		927,952	_	(380,819)
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,737,248		2,714,044		1,023,204
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		2,175,128 4,510,952		1,911,175 4,239,795	_	263,953 271,157
Total net position		6,686,080		6,150,970	_	535,110
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, & net position	\$	10,423,328	\$	8,865,014	\$	1,558,314

#### Major factors affecting the Statement of Net Position (Table 1)

The net position increased by \$535,110 (9%) as a result of the following major factors:

#### **Assets**

- <u>Cash and equivalents</u> decreased by \$31,161 (3%) mostly due to the purchase of a new investment property and continued unit renovations.
- Other current assets increased by \$17,201 (14%) mostly as a result of an increase in prepaid insurance and tenant accounts receivable at year end.
- Net capital assets increased by \$536,330 (28%) due to a new investment property (see Note 6), unit renovations, and planned capital projects, which were offset by regular depreciation.
- Other assets increased by \$479,085 (9%) mostly due to an increase in Pension and OPEB (Other Post-Employment Benefits) receivable of \$310,690, in addition to an increase in interest receivable from several loans (see Note 15).
- <u>Deferred outflows of resources</u> increased by \$556,859 (133%) due to an increase in deferred outflows related to Pensions of \$581,156 (see Note 9), offset by a decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB of \$24,297 (see Note 8).

#### Liabilities

- Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$1,307,735 (85%) mostly due to an increase in Pension liability of \$1,200,329 (see Note 9), a new liability related to the acquisition of an investment property for \$266,844 (see Note 7), and a decrease in OPEB liability of \$164,696 (see Note 8).
- <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u> decreased by \$380,819 (41%) due to a decrease in deferred inflows related to Pensions of \$566,896 (see Note 9), offset by an increase in deferred inflows related to OPEB of \$186,077 (see Note 8).

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal years.

Table 2 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	D 	ecember 31, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021		Change
Operating revenues	\$	1,045,367	\$	1,109,415	\$	(64,048)
Operating grants and subsidies		1,453,567		1,126,992		326,575
Depreciation expenses		(274,014)		(241,246)		(32,768)
Other operating expenses	_	(1,865,914)	_	(2,053,546)	_	187,632
Operating income (loss)		359,006		(58,385)		417,391
Investment income		177,582		168,419		9,163
Interest expense	_	(1,478)				(1,478)
Net income (loss) - change in net position	_	535,110		110,034		425,076
Net position, beginning of year		6,150,970		6,040,936		110,034
Net position, end of year	\$	6,686,080	\$	6,150,970	\$	535,110

#### Major factors affecting the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Table 2)

The Authority's change in net position increased by \$535,110 in 2022 compared to 2021's increase of \$110,034 in net position due to the following factors:

#### Revenues

- Operating revenues decreased by \$64,048 (6%) primarily due to comparatively less insurance claim proceeds received in addition to slightly lower tenant rent revenue as a result of a change in tenant income mix.
- Operating grants and subsidies increased by \$326,575 (29%) mostly due to receiving an Emergency Safety and Security grant in the amount of \$250,000 and also increases to our capital fund grant.

#### **Expenses**

- <u>Depreciation expense</u> increased by \$32,768 (14%) due to the completion of unit renovations and planned maintenance projects (See Note 6).
- Other operating expenses decreased by \$187,632 (9%) primarily due to a pension expense adjustment of \$180,956 resulting from a related party's portion of pension liability owed (see Note 15).

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority had \$2,454,105 invested in various capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, representing a net increase (additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$536,330 from the end of last year.

Table 3 - Change in Capital Assets

	De	ecember 31, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021	 Change
Land	\$	322,315	\$	322,315	\$ -
Construction in progress		55,816		94,451	(38,635)
Buildings		9,458,253		8,652,346	805,907
Furniture and equipment-administration		364,222		333,190	31,032
Intangible capital assets		14,577		-	14,577
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(7,758,541)		(7,484,527)	(274,014)
Less: Accumulated amortization		(2,537)			 (2,537)
Capital Assets, net	\$	2,454,105	\$	1,917,775	\$ 536,330

The change in capital assets is presented in detail in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Debt Outstanding**

The Authority had the following amounts of debt outstanding:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dec	cember 31, 2021	Change
Total debt	\$	266,844	\$	6,600	\$ 260,244

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- Federal funding by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates.
- Local inflation, recession, and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income.

#### FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Cheryl Churchill, Executive Director for City of Eureka Housing Authority, at (707) 443-4583. Specific requests may be submitted to Dustin Wiesner, Director of Finance, City of Eureka Housing Authority, 735 West Everding, Eureka, CA 95503.



## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Primary vernment	Discretely Presented Component Units
Assets		<u> </u>
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents-operating Accounts receivable, net Accrued interest receivable Notes receivable-current Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 799,586 44,405 1,807 7,980 88,841	\$ 239,190 29,474 - 28,430
Total current assets	 942,619	297,094
Restricted assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 85,637	576,499
Total restricted assets	 85,637	576,499
Noncurrent assets: Investment in joint ventures Notes receivable, net of current Other long-term assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Intangible capital assets, net of accumulated amortization	 397,361 3,168,825 2,399,983 2,442,065 12,040	- 927 6,198,257
Total noncurrent assets	 8,420,274	6,199,184
Total assets	 9,448,530	7,072,777
Deferred outflows of resources  Deferred outflows of resources - Pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	 811,938 162,860	
Total deferred outflows of resources	 974,798	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 10,423,328	\$ 7,072,777

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Discretely
	Primary	Presented
Liabilities	Government	Component Units
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 146,359	
Unearned revenue	33,791	7,638
Deposits held in trust, contra	85,637	29,231
Other current liabilities	60,802 2,442	70,335 159
Accrued employee benefits payable Debt, current portion	11,347	48,323
Lease liability, current portion	3,170	40,323
•		
Total current liabilities	343,548	174,832
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Debt, net of current	255,497	4,614,723
Lease liability, net of current	8,963	-
Other long-term liabilities	-	3,146,296
Accrued employee benefits payable, net of current	2,582,107	5,146
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,846,567	7,766,165
Total liabilities	3,190,115	7,940,997
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred inflows of resources - Pension	281,951	-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	265,182	
Total deferred inflows of resources	547,133	<del>_</del>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,737,248	7,940,997
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,175,128	1,535,211
Unrestricted	4,510,952	(2,403,431)
Total net position	6,686,080	(868,220)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net		
position	\$ 10,423,328	\$ 7,072,777

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Primary vernment	Discretely Presented Component Units		
Operating revenues				
Rental revenue - tenant, net of collection losses Operating grants and subsidies Other revenue	\$ 939,171 1,453,567 106,196	\$ 737,696 111,282 		
Total operating revenues	 2,498,934	850,849		
Operating expenses				
Administrative Tenant services Utilities Ordinary maintenance and operations Insurance premiums Other general expenses Depreciation Amortization expenses Total operating expenses	491,866 59,907 247,075 831,845 112,030 120,654 274,014 2,537 2,139,928	123,648 6,707 74,164 254,850 47,617 64,862 258,925		
Operating income (loss)	359,006	20,076		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income Interest expenses & amortization	 177,582 (1,478)	4,436 (272,719)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	176,104	(268,283)		
Change in net position	535,110	(248,207)		
Net position, beginning of year	 6,150,970	(620,013)		
Net position, end of year	\$ 6,686,080	\$ (868,220)		

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## Cash flows from operating activities:

Receipts from rents Receipts from operating grants Receipts from other miscellaneous sources Payments for tenant services Payments for expenses	\$ 928,630 1,470,837 106,196 (50,404) (1,644,094)
Net cash provided by operating activities	811,165
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal payments on debt Principal paid on right to use leased assets Interest payment Proceed from note payable	(798,304) (7,756) (2,444) (1,442) 268,000
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(541,946)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchases of investments Interest received on investments	(302,710) 2,330
Net cash used in investing activities	(300,380)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(31,161)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	916,384
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 885,223</u>
Reconciliation of cash to the Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents-operating Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 799,586 <u>85,637</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 885,223

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating income (loss)	\$ 359,006
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	274,014
Amortization expense	2,537
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(10,541)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(7,784)
Accounts payable	66,387
Deposits held in trust, contra	9,502
Accrued employee benefits payable	1,043,511
Unearned revenue	17,270
Other current liabilities	(5,062)
Net pension and OPEB liabilities	(937,675)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 811,165

#### **NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION**

City of Eureka Housing Authority (the "Authority") was incorporated on August 6, 1946, under the California State Health and Safety Code, Section 34200. The Authority was established to provide clean, decent, safe, sanitary, and affordable housing to low-income families.

Commissioners are appointed by the mayor. Regular commissioners serve terms of four years, and tenant commissioners serve two years. The Board consists of seven commissioners.

Under the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has direct responsibility for administering low-income housing programs in the United States. Accordingly, HUD has contracted with the Authority to administer certain HUD funds.

The Authority's primary operations are comprised of the Low Rent Housing Program. This program is designed to provide very low-income families with decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing. The Low Rent Housing Program operates the Authority's own rental housing units subsidized by HUD through an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC). This program has 196 units owned at twelve different sites as of September 01, 2023, as well as a community center and police annex. This program is operated by the Authority under HUD contract SF-216. Funding is provided by tenant rent payments and subsidies provided by HUD based upon a formula that takes into consideration factors such as prior formula funding, population of the area, number of dwelling units, bedroom sizes, building height, and building age, utility costs, and rental income.

The Low Rent Housing Program is supplemented by the Capital Fund Program. The purpose of this program is to utilize funds granted by HUD for remodeling and upgrading the facilities in the Low Rent Housing Program, as well as to support overall operations. These grant funds are authorized by HUD each year but can be spent over the course of several years.

In addition, the Authority operates other non-federal housing programs. Marine View Terrace was formed for the purpose of investing excess funds of the Authority and to loan other programs operating funds throughout the year when their funds require operating capital. Marine View Terrace also acts as manager for the dwelling units owned by Eureka Family Housing, LP and Eureka Housing Associates, LP and receives a management fee for its services. Funds from this program can be used as "seed" money for developing low-income housing.

#### Reporting Entity

As described in GASB Statement No. 34, paragraph 134, the Authority is considered a primary government and meets the definition of a special purpose government ("SPG"). The Authority is a legally separate entity that is engaged in only business-type activities. Business-type activities are defined as activities that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. SPGs engaged only in business-type activities are required to present only the financial statements required for proprietary funds, which include Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), basic financial statements, and Required Supplementary Information ("RSI"). All inter-program activities have been eliminated in these financial statements.

The Authority is an independent agency with operations separate from those of the City of Eureka (City). The Authority's obligations, including loans through direct borrowing or the sale of bonds, are not obligations of the City. The City provides no funding to the Authority. Additionally, the City does not hold title to any of the Authority's assets, nor does it have any right to Authority's surpluses. The City does not have the ability to exercise influence over the Authority's daily operations or approve the Authority's budgets.

#### NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION - CONT'D

The Authority is a separate entity from the County of Humboldt Housing Authority. Each Housing Authority has an independent Board of Commissioners and individual by-laws to adhere to. One executive director administers both housing authorities; staff, office space, and equipment are shared. Costs associated with these shared resources are allocated based on actual time spent on programs, square footage, and other methods deemed appropriate by management.

Management applied the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity,* Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14,* Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34,* and GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14* to determine whether the component units should be reported as blended or discretely presented component units. The criteria included whether the Authority appoints the voting majority of the governing board, there is a financial benefit/burden relationship, the Authority is able to impose its will, the component unit is fiscally dependent on the Authority, the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the Authority, and management of the Authority have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit. These criteria were used to determine the following:

#### Blended Component Units:

Eureka Housing Development Corporation - This is a legally separate entity that is a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit corporation. The board of the corporation is nearly identical to the board of the Authority. The purpose is to provide affordable housing for low-income persons and to serve as a general partner in Eureka Housing Associates, LP, and as a single member of the Eureka Family Housing, LP. Eureka Housing Development Corporation shares the December 31st year-end with the Authority. There are no separately issued audited financial statements for this entity, however, a copy of the most recent informational tax return (Form 990) can be obtained from staff at the Authority's office.

#### Discrete Component Units:

Eureka Family Housing, LP - This is a legally separate entity formed as a partnership between Eureka Housing Development Corporation and Merritt Community Capital Fund X, L.P. The purpose is to provide low-rent housing to qualifying residents of the City of Eureka in accordance with guidelines and requirements established by CalHFA. Funds to construct dwellings, subsidize rents, and use for operating expenses are obtained through contracts with the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the California Housing Finance Agency (CalHFA). At December 31, 2022, 50 units were contracted through CalHFA. This entity shares the December 31st year-end with the Authority.

Eureka Housing Associates, LP - This is a legally separate entity formed as a partnership between Eureka Housing Development Corporation and an investment partner. The purpose is to own and operate a 22-unit scattered-site multi-family project for the benefit of elderly low-income persons who need affordable, decent, safe, and sanitary housing and related services. This entity shares the December 31st year-end with the Authority.

Reports for discrete component units are issued under separate cover. They may be obtained at the City of Eureka Housing Authority, 735 West Everding Street, Eureka, CA 95503.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Accrual Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting with an economic resources measurement focus. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. As permitted by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the Authority has elected to apply all relevant Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The statement of net position presents the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, and is reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. It also pertains to constraints imposed by law or constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from grant agreements, providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with the ongoing principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority include program-specific grants and rental income from tenants of the various housing projects. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits at financial institutions, investments in money market funds, and certificates of deposit.

#### Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of cash and investments that are held in trust, reserves, and escrows, as well as other cash and investments that are restricted for specific purposes.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

#### Accounts Receivable from Tenants

Accounts receivable consists of all amounts earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based upon historical trends and periodic aging of accounts receivable.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, revenues in proprietary funds should be reported as net of all related allowances, which include amounts pertaining to uncollectible accounts. Therefore, the increase and decrease in the estimate of uncollectible accounts should be reported net of revenue instead of bad debt expense. The Authority's bad debt expense charged against revenue was \$39,701 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Accounts Receivable from HUD and Other Governments

The amounts reported as accounts receivable from HUD or due from other governments represent reimbursable costs or grant subsidies earned that have not been received as of year-end; these amounts are considered fully collectible.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations utilizing the straight-line method. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable fixed assets range from 3 - 40 years.

Intangible Capital Assets: The Authority has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

#### Impairment of Capital Assets

The Authority reviews its capital assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that there has been a decline in service utility that is large in magnitude and outside of the normal life cycle of the capital asset being evaluated. As of December 31, 2022, there has been no impairment of the capital assets.

#### Provision for Uncollectible Notes

A note receivable is considered impaired when, based on current information, it is probable that all amounts of principal and interest due will not be collected according to the terms of the note agreement. Uncollectible notes are charged to the allowance account in the period such determination is made. Currently, management has deemed all notes receivable fully collectible and thus has not recorded any provision for uncollectible notes.

#### Tenant Security Deposits

Security deposits consist of amounts held in trust with the Authority for tenants to secure apartment leases.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

#### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, e.g., sick leave, vacation, and other approved leave. In accordance with GASB Statement No.16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the Authority accrues the liability for those absences for which the employee has earned the rights to the benefits. Accrued amounts are based on the current salary rates. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation and sick leave benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Authority. Vacation and sick pay are recorded as an expense and related liability in the year earned by employees. Authority's policy is that annual vacation leave is limited to 320 hours at year-end, and sick leave is limited to 1,000 hours.

#### Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues consist of rental payments made by tenants in advance of their due date and/or rental subsidies received in advance of the period earned.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Authority reports deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB related items. See Notes 8 and 9 to the basic financial statements.

#### <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Authority reports deferred inflows of resources for pension and OPEB related items. See Notes 8 and 9 to the basic financial statements.

#### Leasing Activities

The Authority is the lessor of dwelling units to eligible residents. The rents under the leases are determined generally by the residents' income as adjusted for eligible deductions regulated by HUD, although the residents may opt for a flat rent. Leases may be canceled at any time or renewed annually. The Authority may cancel the leases only for a cause. Revenues associated with these leases are reported in the accompanying financial statements and related schedules within dwelling rent revenue.

#### Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension plan investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Leases

#### Lessee

At the commencement of a lease, the Housing Authority initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Housing Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Housing Authority uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the
  interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Housing Authority generally uses its estimated
  incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
  measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
  Housing Authority is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Housing Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with intangible capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term lease liability on the statement of net position.

#### Lessor

At the commencement of a lease, the Housing Authority initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term. Key estimates and judgments include how the Housing Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Housing Authority uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

#### Leases - Cont'd

The Housing Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### Lease Liabilities

On January 01, 2022, the Housing Authority adopted GASB 87 Leases and adopted the changes to conform to the provisions of GASB 87 Implementation Guide. Lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. The Housing Authority has leases for equipment. The lease liability is measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, using a discount rate based on the rate implicit in the lease, if readily determinable. Otherwise, the Housing Authority uses its incremental borrowing rate at commencement date to determine the present value of future payments.

#### Internal Activity and Balances

All transfers, intercompany charges, and other interfund activity balances have been eliminated from the basic financial statements in accordance with GASB pronouncements.

#### Income Taxes

The Authority is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

#### Effects of New Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several new accounting pronouncements, which are effective for the Authority during the year. The following are new GASB pronouncements adopted by the Authority for the fiscal year 2022:

GASB Statement No. 87. Leases

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.

Except GASB 87, the Authority had no reportable impacts for the fiscal year 2022. The provisions of GASB 87 have been implemented on January 1, 2022. GASB Statement No. 87 requires that government lessees recognize a lease liability and intangible assets representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset and report in its financial statements amortization expense for using the lease asset for the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, interest expense on the lease liability and note disclosures about the lease.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

#### New Accounting Standards to be Adopted in Future Years

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Technology Arrangements, the requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, The requirements of this statement are effective immediately for certain provisions and other provisions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 and June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, an amendment of GASB statement No. 62, The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, will result in a liability for compensated absences that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs an obligation. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and all reporting periods thereafter.

The Authority's management is currently evaluating these new standards to determine what impact they will have on the Authority.

#### Subsequent Events

The management of the Authority has evaluated subsequent events through September 01, 2023, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### Investments Authorized by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development

All deposits of the Authority are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured in accordance with HUD regulations. The annual contribution contract authorizes the Authority to invest in the following types of securities:

- Obligations of the Federal Government which are backed by the full faith and credit of the Federal Government.
- Obligations of any agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government if the payment of interest and principal on such obligations is fully guaranteed by the Federal Government.
- Obligations of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Bank for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks which mature no later than 18 months after the date of purchase.

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONT'D

#### Investments Authorized by California Government Code

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Investment in One Issuer
U.S Treasury Bill, Notes and Bonds	5 years	100%	None
Government Agency Securities	5 years	100%	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	100%	\$65,000,000
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	None
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	100%	None
Investment Pools	N/A	100%	None

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the Authority's exposure to deposit and investment risk is disclosed as follows:

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority's policy is to manage this exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority's risk of changes in interest rates is minimal since the investments primarily consist of state-sponsored investment pool funds that have stated interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Authority's policy to follow the HUD regulations by only having direct investments and investments through mutual funds to direct obligations, guaranteed obligations, or obligations of the agencies of the United States of America. As of December 31, 2022, The Authority mitigated it's exposure to credit risk by only investing in fully insured state investment pool funds.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The Authority's policy for custodial credit risk requires collateral to be held in the Authority's name by its agent or by the bank's trust department. As of December 31, 2022, none of the Authority's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONT'D

#### Investment Policy

The Authority's investment policy, HUD, and the California Government Code do not address legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure such deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The Authority is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the State Treasurer, Director of Finance, and State Controller. The Authority may invest up to \$65 million in the LAIF fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

All investments with LAIF are secured by the full faith and credit of the State of California. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Separate LAIF financial statements are available from the California State Treasurer's Office at www.treasurer.ca.gov.

The Authority's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at cost, which approximates fair value at amounts based upon the Authority's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are certain derivative securities or similar products in the form of structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's exposure to risk (credit, market, or legal) is not currently available.

#### **NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED CASH**

The following schedule presents the breakdown of restricted cash as of December 31, 2022:

Tenant security deposit	\$ 85,637
Restricted cash with offsetting liabilities	85,637
Total restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 85,637

#### NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As of December 31, 2022, accounts receivable balance consisted of following:

Tenant receivable	\$ 112,047
Allowance for doubtful accounts - tenants	 (67,642)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 44,405

#### **NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A schedule of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, is summarized below:

	December 31, 2021	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2022
Nondepreciable assets				
Land	\$ 322,315	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 322,315
Construction in process	94,451	425,318	(463,953)	<u>55,816</u>
Total nondepreciable assets	416,766	425,318	(463,953)	378,131
Depreciable assets				
Buildings	8,652,346	805,907	-	9,458,253
Furniture & equipment	333,190	31,032		364,222
Total depreciable assets	8,985,536	836,939		9,822,475
Total capital assets	9,402,302	1,262,257	(463,953)	10,200,606
Less: accumulated depreciation	(7,484,527)	(274,014)		(7,758,541)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,917,775</u>	<u>\$ 988,243</u>	<u>\$ (463,953)</u>	\$ 2,442,065

All land and buildings are encumbered by a Declaration of Trust in favor of the United States of America as security for obligations guaranteed by the federal government and to protect other interests of the federal government.

Construction-in-progress as of December 31, 2022, was comprised of various unit-turn around costs that the Authority deemed capitalizable in accordance with its capitalization policy.

#### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS- CONT'D

Intangible capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	December 31, 2021	Adjustment due to GASB 87	Increase/ (Decrease)	December 31, 2022
Intangible capital asset right to use leased Right to use leased equipment	\$	\$14,577	\$	\$14,577
Total intangible capital asset right to use leased assets		14,577		14,577
Less: accumulated amortization Right to use leased equipment			(2,537)	(2,537)
Total accumulated amortization			(2,537)	(2,537)
Total intangible capital asset right to use leased assets, net	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>14,577</u>	\$ <u>(2,537)</u>	\$12,040

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$274,014. The amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$2,537.

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022, is summarized below:

	December 31, 2021	Additions	Deductions	December 31, 2022	Current Portion
Notes from direct borrowings	\$ 6,600	\$ 268,000	\$ (7,756)	\$ 266,844	\$ 11,347
Lease liability	-	14,577	(2,445)	12,132	3,170
Accrued employee benefits: Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	73,522 741,765 725,751	72,132 1,200,329 	(64,254) - (164,696)	81,400 1,942,094 561,055	2,442 - 
Total accrued employee benefits	<u>\$ 1,541,038</u>	<u>\$ 1,272,461</u>	<u>\$ (228,950)</u>	<u>\$ 2,584,549</u>	\$ 2,442

#### Lease liability:

The Authority has entered into agreements to lease office equipments. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

1) Copier Equipment: The Authority and County of Humboldt Housing Authority have been leasing and sharing copier equipment (21.33%, and 78.67%, respectively). The lease agreement includes a fixed and variable portion. The agreement was executed in April 2022 to lease equipment and requires 60 monthly payments of \$1,353.

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

The lease liability was measured at the Authority's incremental borrowing rate. Variable payments based on the future performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease liability. These variable payments include insurance, taxes, and other common area operating costs and are recognized as an expense in the period in which the obligation for those payments are incurred. Any components of those variable payments that are fixed in substance are included in the measurement of the lease liability.

2) Postage Equipment: The Authority and County of Humboldt Housing Authority have been leasing and sharing postage equipment (21.33%, and 78.67%, respectively). The agreement was executed in January 2019 to lease postage equipment and requires 20 quarterly payments of \$747. The lease liability is measured using the Authority's incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date.

The future minimum payments schedule at year end, was as follows:

Year ending	<u> P</u>	Principal		Interest	Total		
December 31,							
2023	\$	3,170	\$	385	\$	3,555	
2024		2,724		279		3,003	
2025		2,821		182		3,003	
2026		2,921		82		3,003	
2027		496	_	4	_	500	
	\$	12,132	\$_	932	\$_	13,064	

#### Notes from direct borrowings:-

As of December 31, 2022, notes from direct borrowings were comprised of the following:

	 rincipai
In November 2022, the Authority obtained a loan from Umpqua bank to purchase	
a building. The Umpqua bank provided a loan amounting to \$268,000 which is	
equivalent to 80% of the building's cost. This loan is structured as a fifteen-year	
loan with an annual interest rate of 6% for an initial 120 installments and	
thereafter 6.38%. Repayment of the loan is scheduled in monthly installments of	
\$2,272 for first 120 installments, starting from December 2022, and	
subsequently, the installment amount increases to \$2,293.	\$ 266,844
Total	\$ 266,844

Dringing

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONT'D

Aggregate maturities of principal due in future years are as follows:

Year Ended	Principal Interest		Interest		Interest	
2023	\$	11,347	\$	15,919	\$	27,266
2024		12,012		15,254		27,266
2025		12,808		14,458		27,266
2026		13,609		13,657		27,266
2027		14,461		12,805		27,266
Thereafter		202,607	_	69,046		271,653
Total	<u>\$</u>	266,844	\$	141,139	\$	407,983

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Authority offers other post-employment benefits in the form of a health care plan (OPEB Plan) to qualified retired employees. Medical insurance benefits are offered through CalPERS. The CalPERS Plan is an agent multiple-employer plan governed by the Public Employees' Medical & Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA).

As of December 31, 2022, the Authority's net OPEB liability, OPEB expenses, and deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for the above OPEB Plan are as follows:

		let OPEB Liability	 ferred Outflows of Resources	 erred Inflows Resources	 OPEB Expenses
OPEB Plan	\$_	561,055	\$ 162,860	\$ 265,182	\$ 61,122

#### Plan Description

The OPEB Plan is available to retired employees who have retired from the Authority and met the eligibility requirements under the Authority's pension plan. Eligible retirees are entitled to statutory minimum employer contributions under Government Code Section 22892 of the PEMHCA, further subject to the unequal contribution provisions of Section 22892(c).

#### Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provisions and benefits in effect as of December 31, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	All Employees
Benefit types provided	Medical only
Duration of benefits	Lifetime
Required service	Pension eligibility
Minimum age	Pension eligibility
Dependent coverage	Surviving spouse only
Authority contribution%	100% to cap
Authority cap	Govt. Code Section 22892 Statutory minimum

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - CONT'D

#### **Contributions**

The OPEB Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Board action and may be amended by Board action. The Authority contributes the statutory minimum per month per member of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their dependents (pay-as-you-go). For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority's cash contributions were \$15,444 in payments to CalPERS.

#### Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan are as follows:

	Measurement Date 12/31/2022						
	Financial Reporting Date 12/31/2022						
			Plan				
		al OPEB ability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability			
Balance at January 01, 2022 Change recognized for measurement period:	\$	725,751	\$ -	\$ 725,751			
Service Cost		53,348	-	53,348			
Interest		15,341	-	15,341			
Contributions-employer		-	15,444	(15,444)			
Actual benefit payments		(15,444)	(15,444)	-			
Experience (gains)/losses		(48, 123)	-	(48,123)			
Changes in assumption		169,818 <u>)</u>		(169,818)			
Net changes		164,696)		(164,696)			
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	561,055	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 561,055</u>			

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate 1% Lower		Current Discount Rate		Discount Rate 1% Higher	
Net OPEB liability	\$	655,588	\$	561,055	\$	485,168

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - CONT'D

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current					
			Hea	althcare Cost			
	<u>Tren</u>	d 1% Lower	<u> </u>	rend Rates	Trend 1% Higher		
Net OPEB liability	\$	474,252	\$	561,055	\$	672,579	

#### Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

As of December 31, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change of assumptions or other inputs	\$	162,860	\$ (151,942)
Differences between expected and actual experience in the total OPEB liability	_		(113,240)
Total	\$	162,860	\$ (265,182)

The deferred inflows of resources and outflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows of Resources
2023 2024	\$ 24,297 24,297	\$	(31,864) (31,864)
2025 2026	24,297 24,297		(31,864) (31,864)
2027 Thereafter	24,297 41,375		(31,864) (105,862)
Total	\$ 162,860	\$	(265,182)

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - CONT'D

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Authority's net OPEB liability was measured and valued based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2022
Measurement Date	December 31, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Discount rate	3.72%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increase	2.75%
Investment rate of return	3.72%
Mortality rate	2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and schools
	Employees
Retirement rates	Hired before 2012: 2017 CalPERS 2.7%@55 Rates for
	Miscellaneous Employees
	Hired after 2013: 2017 CalPERS 2%@62 Rates for
	Miscellaneous Employees
Service requirement	100% at 5 Years of Service
Healthcare trend rate	4.00%

#### Plan Participants

	Number of Participants
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Participating active employees	24
Total number of participants	33

The Authority does not presently fund an OPEB trust. Therefore, the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability.

There was a change in the discount rate and investment rate of return assumptions from 2.06% to 3.72% for the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

#### **NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN**

The Authority participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of the Authority. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities with the state of California and reports information to the Authority in accordance with reporting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

As of December 31, 2022, the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense / (credit), deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows of resources for the above plan is as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Proportionate Share of Pension Expense / (Credit)
CalPERS	\$ <u>1,942,094</u>	\$ <u>811,938</u>	\$ <u>281,951</u>	\$ <u>119,808</u>

#### Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan is comprised of a Miscellaneous Risk Pool and a Safety Risk Pool. Individual employers may sponsor more than one Miscellaneous or Safety plan. The Authority sponsors two Miscellaneous Risk Pool plans; however, the information presented represents the sum of the allocated pension amounts for each of the Authority's respective plans (the Plan). The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### Benefits Provided

The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, the annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to eligible plan members. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. All members are eligible for employment related disability benefits regardless of length of service and non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The Post-Retirement Death Benefit is a one-time payment made to a retiree's designated survivor or estate upon the retiree's death. The Basic Death Benefit is a lump sum paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. The spouse or registered domestic partner of a deceased member, who was eligible to retire for service at the time of death, may elect to receive the Pre-Retirement Option 2W Death Benefit in lieu of the Basic Death Benefit lump sum. The Pre-Retirement Option 2W Death Benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the amount the member would have received if he/she had retired for service on the date of death and elected Option 2W, the highest monthly allowance a member can leave a spouse or domestic partner. The cost-of-living adjustments for each Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

#### Benefits Provided - Cont'd

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect as of December 31, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Provisions and benefits	Miscellaneous risk pool	
Hire date	On or Before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.7% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0%-2.7%	1.0%-2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	8%	6.75%
Required employer contribution rate	14.194%	7.732%

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are determined annually through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended December 31, 2022, are presented above, and the total Authority contributions were \$126,649.

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority's proportion was 0.041505%.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority recognized a pension expenses / (credit) of \$119,808.

#### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

As of December 31, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected & actual experience	\$	39,001	\$	26,121
Differences between projected & actual investment earning		355,740		-
Differences between actual & proportionate share of contribution		-		255,830
Effect of change in assumption		199,009		-
Change in employer's proportion		150,659		-
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	67,529	_	
	\$_	811,938	\$	281,951

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from the Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next year.

The deferred inflows of resources and outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year ended December 31,	ed Outflows/ of Resources
2023	\$ 90,303
2024	94,177
2025	60,394
2026	 217,584
Total	\$ 462,458

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2022, measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

#### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Cont'd

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal
Experience study	07/01/1997 through 06/30/2015
Discount rate	6.90%
Consumer price index	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and services

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS considered both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of the fund's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund.

The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The target allocation and best estimates of a long-term expected real rate of return by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10	Real Return Years 11+
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%	4.45%
Global Equity non cap-weighted	12%	3.84%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%	3.57%
Real Estate	15%	3.21%	3.21%
Leverage	-5%	-0.59%	-0.59%

#### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

#### Discount Rate and Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

		1% Decrease 5.90%		Current Rate 6.90%		1% Increase 7.90%
CalPERS	\$_	3,093,861	\$_	1,942,094	\$_	994,476

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Plan fiduciary net position is available in a separate annual comprehensive financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### **NOTE 10 - NET POSITION**

As of December 31, 2022, net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following:

Net capital assets	\$ 2,442,065
Less: capital debt obligation	266,844
Net intangible capital assets	12,040
Less: lease liability	 12,133
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,175,128

As of December 31, 2022, restricted net position was comprised of the following:

Restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 85,637
Less: Tenant security deposit, contra	85,637
Restricted net position	\$ 

#### NOTE 11 - INVESTMENT IN DISCRETE COMPONENT UNITS AND JOINT VENTURES

The Authority has equity interests in legally separate entities. The interest in Eureka Housing Associates, LP is 0.01%, and in Eureka Family Housing, LP is 0.01%. As of December 31, 2022, the investment balance consisted of the following:

Eureka Housing Associates, LP	\$ 94,836
Eureka Family Housing, LP	 302,525
Total investment in joint ventures	\$ 397,361

#### **NOTE 12 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT**

The Authority is a member of the California Housing Workers Compensation Authority (CHWCA), an intergovernmental risk-sharing joint powers authority created pursuant to California Government Code Sections 6500, et seq. Each Authority has an equal voice in the selection of a Board which oversees CHWCA.

The CHWCA's current financial statement as of December 31, 2022, is summarized below:

Total assets	\$ 30,151,074
Total liabilities Net position	15,993,620 14,157,454
Total liabilities and net position	 30,151,074
·	
Total revenues	5,385,976
Total expenses	 6,907,586
Change in net position	(1,521,610)
Net position, beginning of year	15,679,064
Net position, end of year	\$ 14,157,454

#### **NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### Government Examinations

The Authority has received funds from Federal grant programs. It is possible that at some future date, it may be determined that the Authority was not in compliance with applicable grant requirements. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority does not expect such disallowed amounts, if any, to materially affect the financial statements.

#### Construction Contracts

During the ordinary course of business, the Authority is engaged in various construction contracts for the modernization and rehabilitation of its properties.

#### **NOTE 14 - BUSINESS RISK AND CONCENTRATIONS**

#### Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to all common perils associated with the ownership and rental of real estate properties. A risk management program has been established to minimize loss occurrence and to transfer risk through various levels of insurance. Property, casualty, employee dishonesty, and public official's liability forms are used to cover the respective perils. Insurance for these perils is underwritten by a housing authority insurance pool: Housing Authority Risk Retention Pool (HARRP).

HARRP is an unincorporated association organized under the intergovernmental cooperation laws of the states of Washington, Oregon, California, and Nevada, to manage the self-insurance program of housing authorities and community development cooperatives. Through HARRP, the Authority currently maintains general liability coverage for claims up to \$2 million and property insurance for claims up to \$2 million.

Also, commercial carriers insure all other common perils such as business, auto, flood (where applicable), and other miscellaneous policies.

#### Concentration - Major Contributor

For the year ended December 31, 2022, approximately 58% of operating revenues reflected in the financial statements are from HUD. The Authority operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the Authority are subject to the administrative directives, rules, and regulations of federal, state, and local regulatory agencies, including but not limited to HUD. Such administrative directives, rules, and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress, or an administrative change mandated by HUD. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funding to pay for the related costs and the additional administrative burden to comply with the changes.

#### **NOTE 15 - RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

#### Note Receivable and Interest

Marine View Terrace (MVT) made a loan in the amount of \$470,000 to Eureka Housing Associates, LP. The term of the loan started on June 18, 1998, and ends on the later of (a) 30 years after the closing date or (b) repayment in full of the loan and all interest due thereon. The loan is secured by a deed of trust and bears interest at a rate of 5.5% per annum. As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal balance of the loan was \$470,000. The Interest of \$525,139 was outstanding as of year-end on this loan.

MVT made a loan in the amount of \$1,900,000 to Eureka Family Housing, LP. Interest is to be accrued at a rate of 4.3% per annum. As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal balance of the loan was \$1,900,000. The Interest of \$1,685,506 was outstanding as of year-end on this loan.

#### Management Fee

Eureka Housing Development Corporation (EHDC) receives administrative expenses and an annual partnership management fee of approximately \$7,500 to the extent there is any excess cash flow from Eureka Housing Associates, LP.

#### NOTE 15 - RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS - CONT'D

#### Due from Partner

EHDC has a receivable in the amount of \$20,000 due from Merritt Community Capital Fund X, LP, the limited partner in Eureka Family Housing, LP. The amount is expected to be collected at the time of the dissolution/disposition of Eureka Family Housing, LP.

#### Shared Administration

The Authority shares management and a majority of the Authority's resources with the County of Humboldt Housing Authority, including personnel and facilities. However, the Authority maintains a separate governing body and therefore is considered a separate and unique organization for reporting purposes.

#### Receivable for Facility Rent

The Authority charges the County of Humboldt Housing Authority (County) a rental expense for its usage of the Authority's office facilities. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority recorded office rental revenue of \$7,200, which was paid in full as of year-end. Additionally, the Authority has accrued a receivable of \$55,860 as of year-end in unpaid office rental fees for prior years from the County.

#### Receivable for Pension Plan

The Authority is fully liable for the pension obligation due to its employees. During FY 2015, the Authority recognized its unfunded pension liability administered by the California Public Employees Retirements System. Due to the Authority's employees being utilized by the County, the Authority has established a long-term note receivable from the County, which is allocated based on the same methodology the Authority allocates salary and benefits expenses to the County. The balance of this receivable was \$582,628 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Receivable for OPEB Plan

The Authority is fully liable for the OPEB obligation due to its employees. During FY 2018, the Authority recognized its unfunded OPEB liability administered by the California Public Employees Retirements System. Due to the Authority's employees being utilized by the County, the Authority has established a long-term note receivable from the County, which is allocated based on the same methodology the Authority allocates salary and benefits expenses to the County. The balance of this receivable was \$168,317 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### NOTE 16 - CONDENSED COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed combining financial statements are presented for the following entities for the fiscal year ends below:

Abbrev.	<u>Name</u>	Fiscal Period	<u>Year</u>
Authority	City of Eureka Housing Authority	31 December	2022
BCU1	Eureka Housing Development Corporation	31 December	2022
DCU1	Eureka Family Housing LP	31 December	2022
DCU2	Eureka Housing Associates LP	31 December	2022

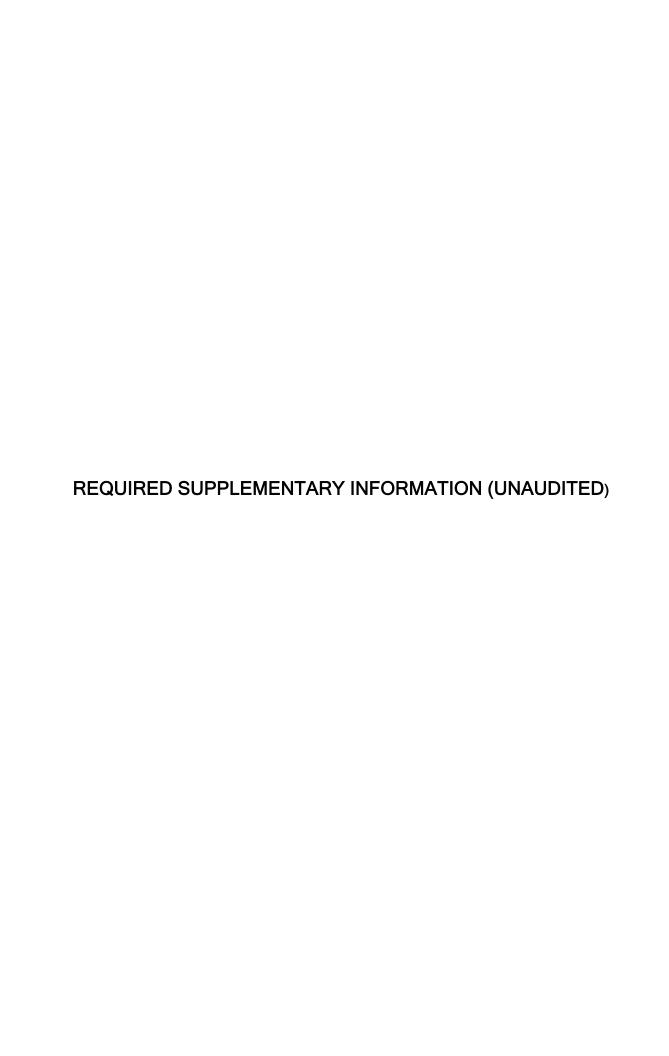
	Authority	BCU1	Eliminations	Total
Assets and deferred outflows of resources				
Intercompany receivable Cash and equivalents Other current assets Net capital assets Net intangible capital assets Other assets	\$ 69,000 878,266 143,033 2,442,065 12,040 5,379,469	\$ - 6,957 - - - 586,700	\$ (69,000) - - - - - -	\$ - 885,223 143,033 2,442,065 12,040 5,966,169
Total assets	8,923,873	593,657	(69,000)	9,448,530
Deferred outflows of resources	974,798			974,798
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	9,898,671	593,657	(69,000)	10,423,328
Liabilities, deferred Inflows of resources, and net position				
Intercompany payables Other current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	341,523 2,846,567	69,000 2,025 	(69,000) - 	343,548 2,846,567
Total liabilities	3,188,090	71,025	(69,000)	3,190,115
Deferred inflows of resources	547,133			547,133
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	2,175,128 3,988,320	- 522,632		2,175,128 4,510,952
Total net position	6,163,448	522,632		6,686,080
Total liabilities, deferred Inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 9,898,671	<u>\$ 593,657</u>	\$ (69,000)	<u>\$ 10,423,328</u>

#### NOTE 16 - CONDENSED COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONT'D

	Authority	BCU1	Eliminations	Total
Operating revenue Operating grants and subsidies Depreciation expense Other operating expenses	\$ 1,037,867 1,453,567 (274,014) (1,862,986)	\$ 7,500 - - (2,928)	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,045,367 1,453,567 (274,014) (1,865,914)
Operating Income/ (Loss)	354,434	4,572		359,006
Investment income Interest expenses	177,582 (1,478)	<u>-</u>		177,582 (1,478)
Change in net position	530,538	4,572	-	535,110
Net position, beginning of year	5,632,910	518,060		6,150,970
Net position, end of year	\$ 6,163,448	\$ 522,632	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 6,686,080
	Authority	BCU1	Eliminations	Total
Net cash provided (used) by:				
Operating activities Capital and related financing activities Investing activities	\$ 814,034 (541,946) (300,380)	-	\$ - -	\$ 811,165 (541,946) (300,380)
Net change in cash and equivalents	(28,292)	(2,869)	-	(31,161)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	906,558	9,826	<u>-</u>	916,384
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 878,266	\$ 6,957	\$ -	<u>\$ 885,223</u>

#### NOTE 16 - CONDENSED COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONT'D

	_	DCU1	_	DCU2		Total
Assets and deferred outflows of resources						
Cash and equivalents Other current assets Net capital assets Other long-term assets	\$	634,546 50,815 5,356,004 927	\$	181,143 7,089 842,253	\$	815,689 57,904 6,198,257 927
Total assets		6,042,292		1,030,485	_	7,072,777
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	-	6,042,292		1,030,485	_	7,072,777
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position						
Other current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	•	127,049 6,030,433	•	47,783 1,735,732	_	174,832 <u>7,766,165</u>
Total liabilities		6,157,482		1,783,515	_	7,940,997
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	-	1,613,784 <u>(1,728,974</u> )	•	(78,573) (674,457)		1,535,211 ( <u>2,403,431</u> )
Total net position		(115,190)		(753,030)	_	(868,220)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position		6,042,292	\$	1,030,485	\$_	<u>7,072,777</u>
	_	DCU1	_	DCU2		Total
Operating revenue Operating grants and subsidies Depreciation expense Other operating expenses	\$	672,634 - (223,167) (414,686)	\$	66,933 111,282 (35,758) (157,162)	\$	739,567 111,282 (258,925) (571,848)
Operating income/ (loss)	_	34,781	_	(14,705)		20,076
Investment income Interest expenses	_	4,410 (228,179)		26 (44,540)		4,436 (272,719)
Change in net position		(188,988)		(59,219)		(248,207)
Net position, beginning of year	_	73,798	_	(693,811)	_	(620,013)
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	(115,190)	<u>\$</u>	(753,030)	<u>\$</u>	(868,220)



# CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE PENSION PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

						Proportionate Share of Net	
						Pension	Plan Fiduciary
Plan						Liability as a	Net Position as
Measurement		Ρ	roportionate			Percentage of	a Percentage of
Date under	Proportion of	9	Share of Net		Covered	Covered	the Total
GASB 68 as of	Pension	Pension			Employee	Employee	Pension
June 30	Liability		Liability		Payroll**	Payroll	Liability***
2015	0.03208%	\$	873,676	\$	1,029,046	84.90%	82.12%
2016	0.03308%	\$	1,112,018	\$	1,144,322	97.18%	80.03%
2017	0.03468%	\$	1,320,012	\$	1,138,020	115.99%	76.42%
2018	0.03548%	\$	1,289,899	\$	1,151,936	111.98%	78.48%
2019	0.03575%	\$	1,431,717	\$	1,150,942	124.40%	78.37%
2020	0.03752%	\$	1,582,515	\$	1,130,167	140.02%	78.05%
2021	0.03906%	\$	741,765	\$	1,165,591	63.64%	90.51%
2022	0.04150%	\$	1,942,094	\$	1,350,899	143.76%	78.19%

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in the future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of the retirement benefits are included.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability is the same for all General employers because neither the Plan Fiduciary Net Position nor the Total Pension Liability has been maintained separately for each of those employers. The same is also the case for all Safety employers.

### CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE PENSION PLAN'S CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF DECEMBER 31, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Plan Measurement Date under GASB 68 as of June 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	contribution in Relation to Actuarially Determined Distribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage Covered- Employees Payroll
2015	\$ 188,692	\$ 188,692	\$ -	\$ 1,029,046	18.34%
2016	\$ 174,605	\$ 174,605	\$ -	\$ 1,144,322	15.26%
2017	\$ 122,190	\$ 122,190	\$ -	\$ 1,138,020	10.74%
2018	\$ 117,570	\$ 117,570	\$ -	\$ 1,151,936	10.21%
2019	\$ 115,632	\$ 115,632	\$ -	\$ 1,150,942	10.05%
2020	\$ 118,619	\$ 118,619	\$ -	\$ 1,130,167	10.50%
2021	\$ 117,305	\$ 117,305	\$ -	\$ 1,165,591	10.06%
2022	\$ 126,649	\$ 126,649	\$ -	\$ 1,350,899	9.38%

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedules:

Change in benefits: There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool.

Change in assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in the future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF DECEMBER 31, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Measurement Period		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	53,348	\$	51,400	\$	33,969	\$	22,880	\$	22,268
Interest		15,341		14,453		16,436		12,699		18,153
Benefit payments		(15,444)		(15,444)		(13,769)		(12,672)		(13,172)
Expected minus actual benefit payments		-		-		-		(1,097)		-
Experience (gain)/loss		(48,123)		-		(95,969)		-		-
Change in assumptions	_	<u>(169,818</u> )	_	5,083	_	130,950	_	111,067	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability		(164,696)		55,492		71,617		132,877		27,249
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	725,751	_	670,259	_	598,642	_	465,765	_	438,516
Total OPEB liability - ending		561,055		725,751		670,259		598,642		465,765
Plan fiduciary net position	_		_		_		_		-	
Net OPEB liability	\$_	561,055	\$_	725,751	\$_	670,259	\$_	598,642	\$_	465,765
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
Covered- employee payroll	\$1	,350,899	\$1	,165,591	\$1	,130,167	\$1	,150,942	\$1	,151,936
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		41.53%		62%		59%		52%		40%

<sup>\*</sup>This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in the future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.



#### CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Expenditure
U.S.Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Direct Programs		
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	\$ 410,952
Total Public and Indian Housing		410,952
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	785,505
Public Housing Capital Fund - ES&S	14.872	250,000
Total Public Housing Capital Fund		1,035,505
Total U.S.Department of Housing and Urban Development		1,446,457
Total expenditures of federal awards		\$ 1,446,457

### CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of the Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the Authority's operations, it is not intended to and does not present the Authority's financial position, changes in net positions, or cash flows.

The amounts presented in the Schedule agree to the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Schedule is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, the method used to prepare the Authority's basic financial statements. Note 2 of the Authority's basic financial statements describes the significant accounting policies used by the Authority. Such expenses are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenses are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE 3 - SUBRECIPIENTS**

The Authority reported no subrecipient grant activity.

#### **NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST**

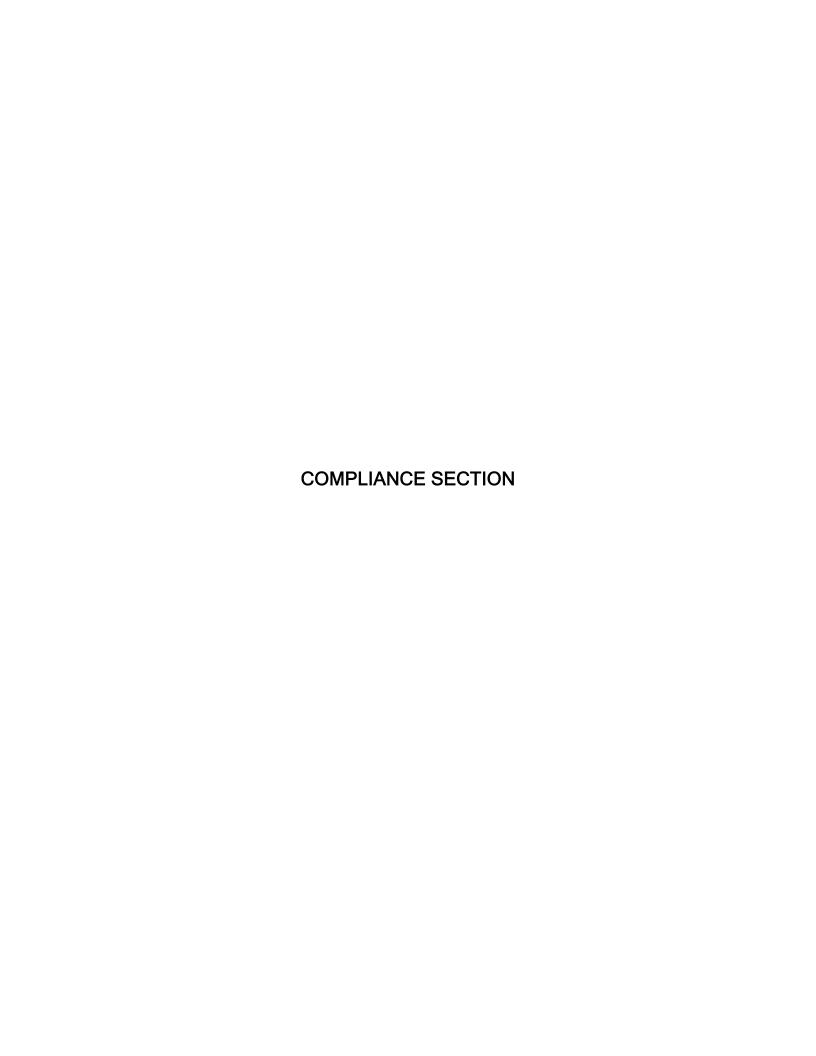
The Authority have elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. The Actual Costs of the Authority were as follows:

Grant		Funds Approved	 Funds Disbursed	 Funds Expended	 Balance
CA01 P025501-22	Ş	\$ 785,505	\$ 785,505	\$ 785,505	\$ -
CA01 E025501-21	Ş	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ _

- 2. The distribution of costs as shown on the Financial Statement of Costs accompanying the Actual Cost Certificate submitted to HUD for approval, is in agreement with the Authority's records.
- 3. For the above completed grants, all costs have been paid and all related liabilities have been discharged through payment.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners City of Eureka Housing Authority Eureka, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, and the aggregate discretely presented component units of City of Eureka Housing Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 01, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harshwal & Company LLP

Oakland, California September 01, 2023



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners City of Eureka Housing Authority Eureka, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Eureka Housing Authority's (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harshwal & Company llP

Oakland, California September 01, 2023

### CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

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Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be weakness(es)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?

No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance in accordance with major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with *Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)*?

No

Instances where results of audit follow-up procedures disclosed that the summary schedule of prior audit findings materially misrepresents the status of any prior audit finding?

Nο

#### Identification of major programs:

<u>Federal Assistance Listing</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

<u>Number</u>

14.850 Public and Indian Housing

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

## CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

No matters were reported.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

# CITY OF EUREKA HOUSING AUTHORITY STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

	PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	STATUS
2021-001	Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment (Significant Deficiency)	Resolved